A Quick Scan of Commuting in America III, Fuel Costs and their Diversity Implications



Alan E. Pisarski 10/23/08

The Demographic Back-story

- 1. The Commuting in America series has been the history of the working years of the baby boom generation
- 2. The Boomers are now moving off stage creating a new phase in American commuting.
- 3. The key question will be where will the workers come from?
- 4. Advent of the immigrant workforce will be just one of the challenging concerns

END OF THE BOOM



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ALAN'S TOP TEN

10 SOV Growth slows

- 9 variable Carpool & Transit trends
- 8 Af-Am Auto growth
- 7 Immigrant role
- **6** Older Workers

- 5 Extreme commutes
- 4 "Donut" Metro
- **3** Working at home
- 2 TLH before 6am
- 1 workers leaving home county

#10 – SOV GROWTH SLOWS



Metro Stability re Driving Alone?



Metro Stability re Driving Alone?



#9 REGIONAL SWINGS IN CARPOOLING AND TRANSIT 1990-2000



Mode share trends 2000's



Mode share trends 2000's



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Mode share trends 2000's



#8 AFRICAN-AMERICAN VEHICLE OWNERSHIP SURGES

zero vehicle households by Race and Ethnicity



% HH without vehicles in central cities by metro area size 2000





Foreign-born persons in households without Vehicles by Year of Arrival



#7 IMMIGRANT ROLES AND PATTERNS



#6 OLDER WORKERS ROLE



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Over 55 Aging out of the Boomers



Over 55 Aging out of the Boomers



#5 INCREASES IN EXTREME COMMUTES



Extreme Commutes

- 2005 10 million over 60 min; 1/3 90+; av 80 min
- 60-90 minute commute grew 2x average
- 90+ minute commute grew 5x average



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Travel times very stable – ACS data

Travel Time 2000-2007



Male/female split by travel time



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#4 The "Donut" Metro

- Jobs and workers centered in suburbs
- 46% of commutes;
- 64% of growth 90-00
- 7.5 million coming in to the subs from exurbs and other metros each day
- 7.5 million going out to the subs from central cities
- CC to subs > Subs to CC in share of growth

Share of Increase in Commuting Flows 1990-2000



2000 METRO FLOW MAP

Other Metropolitan area



Non-metropolitan Area

National commuting flows



The Focus will be on Big Metros

- metros over a
 - million
 - 1960 34 areas
 - 1990 39 areas
 - 2000 50 areas
 - <u>2005 53 areas</u>
 - Probably 60 areas by 2020
 - 60% of population

- 12 areas with more than 5 meg.
- ◆ 100 meg.
- 1/3 of national pop.

#3 CONTINUING GROWTH IN WORKING AT HOME

- Only work "mode" with Driving Alone to see continuous growth since 1980
- ALL Metros over a million saw increases except three with heavy military components
- Work at home added 2 million from 1980 to 2000 – almost doubling
- Added another 600,000 by 2005
- 2007 share 4.1%



#2 WORKERS OUT BEFORE 6AM

- 5-6am rose from 6.4% 1990 to 7.6% in 2000 (8.5% in 2005)
- Those starting before 5 AM were only 2.4% of travel in 1990 but gained 11% of all growth 1990-2000
- Peak period (6-9 AM) decline continues: 69% 1990; 66% in 2000;
- below 64% in 2007

Before 8 it's a guy-thing!



#1 GREAT INCREASES IN WORKERS LEAVING HOME COUNTIES TO WORK

- 1990 23.9% of workers left home county
- 2000 26.7% (2007 almost 28%)
- 90's 13.2 meg. new Workers 51% Left home county (6.7 Meg.)
- 00's Of 5 meg. new workers 55% left home county (2.6 Meg.)
- Wash DC Area leads nation!

County-to-County Worker Flow Percentage: 2000



4\$ a gallon has come and gone

- Will it be back? When?
- Who is affected?
- What happened to vmt?
- What happened to commuting?
- Are there answers:
 - Short Term ?
 - Long Term ?

WEEKLY GAS PRICES 1 YEAR



WEEKLY GAS PRICES 1 YEAR



% Decline in VMT by Month 2008-2007



% Decline in VMT by Month 2008-2007



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% Decline in VMT by Month 2008-2007



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TWO REACTIONS

HURRAY!

- Schadenfreude!
- Those suburbanites
 had it coming!
- At last we are at "<u>the Tipping Point</u>"
- Now there will be a rush to the center for people and jobs

<u>BOO !</u>

- Less VMT = trips not taken; less economic activity
- Now is the worst time to be cutting economic activity

VMT effect is not just gas prices

- WEAK ECONOMY
- Vacation Season discretionary trips
- DEMOGRAPHY a long term trend



TREND IN PERSONAL VMT – by age-sex



A little Perspective Here! How much are we really talking about?

- 3.0% drop for year =
 - Last year I drove 300 miles a week [15,000 miles/yr]
 - -This year I drove 290 miles a week

= 1 five mile trip lost per week

Historical Passenger Car VMT change rates 1974-1984



IS FUEL CHEAP AT 4\$?

	Cost/	Fuel	Cost/	
	gal	Efficiency	mile	
1981 2007\$	3.09	16.4	18.8 cents	
2007	2.85	22.4	12.7 cents	
2008 approx.	4.00	23.7*	16.8 cents	

PLUS WE ARE 20% RICHER THAN THEN!

Lowest Income Group spends less for transportation as a % of all spending; but gasoline is a bigger part of their transportation spending



VMT Response: Where did it go?

- TRIP CHAINING Big payoffs
- CARPOOLING
 - Work some gains
 - Non-work more
- CUTS IN TRIP LENGTH
- CUTS IN TRIPS MADE
- SHIFTS TO TRANSIT?

– Maybe 2%

- FREIGHT
 - Local
 - Distribution
 - opportunities
 - Load changes
 - Big Fleet gains

Key Percentages



Spending for Gas



Housing and Transportation Cost Trade-offs



Detailed Transportation Expenditure Trends 2000-2006 2,500 2,000 1,500 1,000 500 0 2000 2002 2003 2001 2004 2005 2006 Cars and trucks, used Cars and trucks, new Gasoline and motor oil - Vehicle finance charges Maintenance and repairs Vehicle insurance Purchased transportation Veh. rent., leas., licen., oth. c

A critical decline in population of working age!



The big issue – Access to Workers

- Broadening Opportunities
- Promote Employer Flexibility
- Center city to suburban jobs
- Rural to suburban jobs
- Older/Retirees access to old/new jobs
- Part time opportunities

Thank you

 Transportation Research Board; Internet at <u>http://www.TRB.org/CIAIII</u>





Special Transit Study of Trips Downtown

	%		
	metro		
Wash DC	9%		
New York	25%		
Seattle	7%		
Dallas Ft W	1.8%		

Special Transit Study of Trips Downtown

	%	%	
	metro	СС	
Wash DC	9%	21%	
New York	25%	45%	
Seattle	7%	12%	
Dallas Ft W	1.8%	2.6%	

Special Transit Study of Trips Downtown

	%	%	%	
	metro	СС	"Downtown"	
Wash DC	9%	21%	38%	
New York	25%	45%	77%	
Seattle	7%	12%	37%	
Dallas Ft W	1.8%	2.6%	14%	

NATIONAL SUMMARY MODE SHARES

United States	1980	1990	2000	1980	1990	2000
Total:	96617296	115070274	128279228	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Car, truck, or van:	81258496	99592932	112736101	84.10%	86.55%	87.88%
Drive alone	62193449	84215298	97102050	64.37%	73.19%	75.70%
Carpool	19065047	15377634	15634051	19.73%	13.36%	12.19%
2-person	13303701	12078175	12097346	13.77%	10.50%	9.43%
3-person carpool	3360781	2001378	2159151	3.48%	1.74%	1.68%
4-person carpool	1400527	702222	766012	1.45%	0.61%	0.60%
5-person+ carpool	1000038	595859	611542	1.04%	0.52%	0.48%
Transit	6007728	5890155	5867559	6.22%	5.12%	4.57%
Bus	3924787	3445000	3206682	4.06%	2.99%	2.50%
Streetcar, LRT	***	78130	72713	***	0.07%	0.06%
Subway	1528852	1755476	1885961	1.58%	1.53%	1.47%
Railroad	554089	574052	658097	0.57%	0.50%	0.51%
Ferry	***	37497	44106	***	0.03%	0.03%
Тахі	167333	179434	200144	0.17%	0.16%	0.16%
Motorcycle	419007	237404	142424	0.43%	0.21%	0.11%
Bike	468348	466856	488497	0.48%	0.41%	0.38%
Walk	5413248	4488886	3758982	5.60%	3.90%	2.93%
Other	703273	808582	901298	0.73%	0.70%	0.70%
Work at home	2179863	3406025	4184223	2.26%	2.96%	3.26%

Cars per Household – 40 year trend



TOP TEN	TRANS	ECON	SOC
10 Sov Slows	X	X	X
9 Variable Transit	X	X	X
8 Af-Am Auto growth	X	X	X
7 Immigrant role	X	X	X
6 Older Workers	X	X	X
5 Extreme commutes	X	X	X
4 "Donut" Metro	X	X	X
3 Working at home	X	X	X
2 TLH before 6am	X	X	X
1 Workers leaving home	X	X	X
County Alan B	E. Pisarski		



8 O'clock and all's well

